Yn fy siop cigydd mae gen i wahanol fathau o selsig a darnau o borc... Allwch chi enwi rhai?

At my butcher's shop I have all different flavours of sausages and cuts of pork... Can you name a few?

Porc a bacwn!
Know your bacon!

Mae porc ymhlith y cig a gaiff ei fwyta fwyaf drwy'r byd. Yng Nghymru caiff moch eu bridio fel arfer mewn cenfeintiau bach sy'n creu amgylchedd hapusach i'r anifeiliaid. Maen nhw'n hapus i fwyta'r rhan fwyaf o bethau, a hefyd yn bwyta llawer! Mae porc yn amrywiol iawn, yn flasus ac ar gael drwy'r flwyddyn.

Pork is amongst the most commonly eaten meats in the world. In Wales pigs are generally reared in smaller herds which creates a happier environment for the animals to live. They are not fussy eaters and generally eat a lot! Pork is very versatile and tasty and available all year round.

A wyddech chi...
Did you know...

Dyw moch ddim yn gallu edrych i fyny i'r awyr.

Pigs can't look up into the sky.

Mae pwysau mochyn bach yn dyblu o fewn wythnos i gael ei eni!

A piglet weighs double after just a week of being born!

Gall moch redeg ar gyflymder o hyd at 11 milltir yr awr (gall pobl redeg tua 6-8mya).

Pigs can run at speeds up to 11mph (average humans can run around 6 – 8 mph).

Yr enw am grŵp o foch bach yw torllwyth.

A group of piglets is called a farrow.

Mae moch yn glyfar iawn – yn wir, hyd nes bod pobl yn 3 blwydd oed, mae moch yn glyfrach na ni!

Pigs are very clever – in fact, until humans are 3 years old, pigs are smarter than us!

Does gan foch ddim llawer o chwarennau chwys, felly i'w cadw eu hunain rhag gorboethi maen nhw'n rholio mewn dŵr a mwd.

Pigs hardly have any sweat glands, so to keep themselves cool they wallow in mud and water.

Yn y Bahamas, mae grŵp o foch gwyllt yn byw ar draeth ac yn nofio yn y môr!

In the Bahamas, a group of wild pigs live on a beach and swim in the sea!

Mae gan dafod mochyn tua 15,000 o flasbwyntiau; dim ond 9,000 sydd gan berson!

A pig's tongue has around 15,000 taste buds and a human only has around 9,000!

Mae gan foch dros 6,000 o synwyryddion ar eu trwyn ... dyma eu hofferyn palu!

Pigs have over 6,000 sensors on their nose... this is their digging tool!

Welsh

Brid gwyn yw'r mochyn Cymreig (er ei fod yn edrych yn binc!) ac mae'n enwog am ei wydnwch gan gynhyrchu bacwn a phorc ansawdd uchel. Fe'i cyflwynwyd am y tro cyntaf yn y 1870au.

Welsh pig is a white breed (although looks pink!) known for its hardiness and produces high quality bacon and pork. It was first introduced in the 1870's.

Tamworth

Un o fridiau moch hynaf Prydain, sydd fel arfer yn lliw sinsir.

One of Britain's oldest pig breeds and usually ginger in colour.

Berkshire

Y brid hynaf sydd wedi'i gofnodi ym Mhrydain. Mae hwn yn fochyn gwydn, yn fam dda ac yn perfformio'n dda yn yr awyr agored.

Oldest recorded pig breed in Britain. This pig is hardy, has good mothering capabilities and performs very well outdoors.

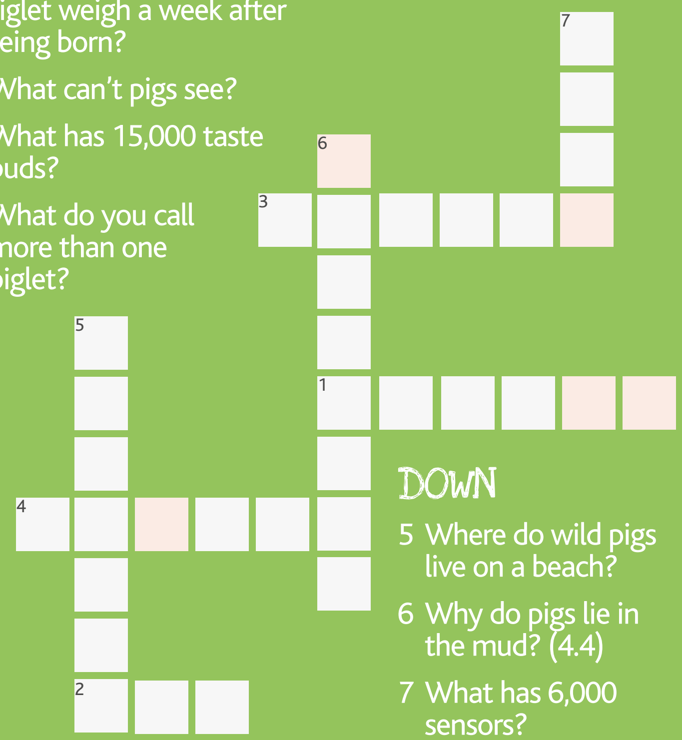
ACROSS

1 How much more does a piglet weigh a week after being born?

2 What can't pigs see?

3 What has 15,000 taste buds?

4 What do you call more than one piglet?



DOWN

5 Where do wild pigs live on a beach?

6 Why do pigs lie in the mud? (4.4)

7 What has 6,000 sensors?

PIGS ARE SO _ _ _ V _ _ !